



THE FELDA CRISIS

When Felda was established in 1956 to eradicate rampant poverty through a land development and agricultural programme, no one expected this agency to be such a phenomenal success.

Felda has resettled 122,635 families and lifted approximately 1 million people out of poverty, 1 a feat applauded by the World Bank as one of the most successful land development programmes in the world. 2

However, Felda is now mired in numerous corporate controversies. How did this institution come to be tangled in serious corruption? Who are the people responsible for Felda's crisis?

Table 1: Felda Controversies

Year	Controversy	Amount Involved
2013	FIC purchase of Grand Plaza Serviced Apartment in London	RM500 million
2014	FIC purchase of Grand Plaza Kensington Hotel in London	RM330 million
2014	FIC purchase of Merdeka Palace in Kuching	RM160 million
2016	Felda IFFCO's (FGV subsidiary) registers losses due to fraud in Turkey	RM57 million
2017	FIC Properties purchase of 37% stake in PT Eagle High Plantations	RM2.26 billion
2017	Safitex Trading's outstanding debt to Delima Oil Product (FGV subsidiary)	RM50 million
2017	FGV's investment in Felda Cambridge Nanosystem	RM117 million
2017	Transfer of land for KLVC project at Jalan Semarak	RM1 billion

THE CONTROVERSIES

Table 1 provides, in brief, a list of the major corporate controversies involving Felda.

KLVC Controversies Exposes the Rot

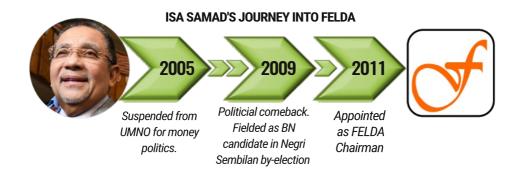
In December 2017, it was disclosed that Felda's ownership of several plots of land on which the Kuala Lumpur Vertical City (KLVC) project was being developed had been transferred in 2015 to Synergy Promenade Sdn. Bhd. This land, worth in excess of RM1 billion,³ was transferred to Synergy Promenade using a power-of-attorney issued by Felda's wholly-owned company, Felda Investment Corporation (FIC).⁴

Synergy Promenade, an interior design company,⁵ was appointed to develop the KLVC Project. One of the two shareholders and directors of this company, Abdul Rahman bin Soltan,⁶ was once reported to have distributed 'zakat money' at an event in Pekan attended by Prime Minister Najib Razak.⁷ The members of Felda's Board of Directors were

not fully informed of the background of this developer.8

This power-of-attorney was signed by Isa Samad and Faizoull Ahmad, then Felda's Chairman and Director General respectively. Isa was then also the Chairman of FIC. Felda regained ownership of the land in March 2018, 10 but it is troubling how this blatant abuse of power by Isa, to conclude a transaction so disadvantageous to Felda, had escaped the attention of the Board and had remained undetected for years.

The KLVC land controversy drew attention to decision-making processes in Felda and its companies. Decision-making power was concentrated in the hands of an UMNO politician, Isa, who sat as the Chairman of Felda, to the exclusion of other Board members. Isa was also the Chairman of Felda companies that were embroiled in other controversies—Felda Global Venture Holding Berhad (FGV), FIC and FIC Properties Sdn. Bhd.



Politics in the Board

These controversies occurred during Isa's tenure as Felda's Chairman. Isa was appointed in January 2011 to lead Felda by Najib, the Minister in-charge of Felda. There were numerous objections to Isa's appointment because of his previous involvement in a corruption-related matter. 11 Isa had been suspended for three years as an UMNO member after he was found guilty for five charges of money politics. 12 Isa, reputedly a close ally of Najib, made his political comeback when he was fielded as Barisan Nasional's candidate in a by-election in 2009 in Negri Sembilan. Najib had by then become the Prime Minister as well as the President of UMNO and Barisan Nasional 13

Not long after he became Felda Chairman, Isa announced the proposal to list on the stock exchange its plantation investment arm, FGV.¹⁴ This idea to list a Felda company was not new. When it was first announced in 2003 by then Prime Minister, Mahathir Mohamad,¹⁵ the proposal was strongly criticised by Felda settlers. The settlers felt that Felda was neglecting their welfare in its pursuit of a commercial venture.¹⁶ This resistance prompted the next Prime Minister, Abdullah Ahmad Badawi, to abort the listing.¹⁷

Thus, it was of no surprise that the settlers again objected to the proposed listing of FGV in 2011. Apart from the settlers' unease of the implications of FGV's listing on their livelihood and welfare, their lack of trust in Isa's leadership of Felda was another issue. Anak, a body established by a group of settlers' children, launched a series of court actions to block FGV's listing. Anak successfully derailed the listing exercise by two months ¹⁸

Felda's management was also said to have opposed the listing. Dzulkifli Wahab,

Felda's then Director General, was instructed to go on study leave in November 2011. In August 2012, Dzulkifli was transferred out of Felda, to a foreign posting. The instruction to transfer Dzulkifli out of Felda was apparently due his resistance to FGV's listing exercise. ¹⁹ Under the Land Development Act, the Chairman has the power to approve leave and determine the movement of Felda's officers. ²⁰ Dzulkifli's transfer exemplified how an UMNO-appointed Chairman had the power to remove what was seen as an obstacle to his implementation of FGV's listing.

The Listing Caused Public Losses

FGV was eventually listed in June 2012. There were individual settlers who took a loan from Felda to finance the acquisition of FGV shares allotted to them. Thus, when FGV's share price, initially traded at RM4.45, dropped to RM1.71 in March 2018, it was not only Felda, Koperasi Permodalan Felda Berhad (KPF)²¹ and other major shareholders that were badly affected. A number of settlers found themselves laden with a loan amount in excess of the market value of their FGV shares. What was expected to be a lucrative investment turned out to be a major liability.

A series of losses suffered by FGV because of its controversial business ventures was said to have contributed to the decline of its share price. These controversial ventures involved a stock manipulation and forgery allegation in a joint-venture project in Turkey that had resulted in an RM57 million loss to FGV's subsidiary, Felda IFFCO Sdn. Bhd.,²² an RM50 million loss suffered by Delima Oil Products (FGV's subsidiary) because of a long outstanding bad debt owed by Safitex Trading LLC,²³ as well as an RM117

million investment in FGV Cambridge Nanosytems Ltd.²⁴

This series of bad investments that had resulted in losses by FGV, as well as disagreements over the administration and the direction of the company, precipitated a boardroom tussle between Isa, the Chairman, and Zakaria Arshad, FGV's Group President and CEO. This conflict between these two men led to the suspension of Zakaria and three senior FGV officials. ²⁵ Their arbitrary suspension resembled the problem between Isa and Dzulkifli, the Felda official who had disagreed with FGV's listing exercise, again demonstrating the power in the hands of an UMNO-appointed Chairman.

Problematic Acquisitions

Another form of abuse suffered by Felda was the acquisition of assets that had contributed to losses by its companies. One example was the purchase of luxury properties through FIC. FIC allegedly acquired, at an inflated price, the Grand Plaza Serviced Apartment,26 the Grand Plaza Kensington Hotel in London.²⁷ and the Merdeka Palace in Kuching.²⁸ There is a pending investigation by the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (MACC) of FIC's acquisition of these luxury hotels. FIC had reputedly paid RM110 million and RM50 million above the market value for the London and Kuching hotels respectively. FIC's purchase of assets in London failed to bring Felda any significant increase in revenue, contributing instead to serious financial problems. In 2017, Felda announced that it was in the process of selling these properties, a move to strengthen its financial position.²⁹

Another acquisition that resulted in losses





in London Purchased in 2014 £60 million (RM 330 million)



was FIC Properties' purchase of a 37% noncontrolling stake in PT Eagle High Plantations for RM2.26 billion.30 Eagle High was part of the Rajawali group, owned by Indonesian tycoon Peter Sondakh who reputedly has a close tie with Prime Minister Najib.31 Sondakh's company has several investments in Malaysia, in partnership with the Ministry of Finance.32 Prime Minister Naiib also serves as the Minister of Finance. Prior to the FIC Properties-Eagle High deal, Sondakh's company was rumoured to be the 'white knight' to bail out 1Malaysia Development Berhad (1MDB), through an asset purchase. The 1MDB scandal, another controversy closely associated with Najib, was described by a major British-based newspaper, The Guardian,³⁴ as 'the world's biggest financial scandal'.35

The Eagle High equity purchase was the same deal avoided by FGV in 2016, albeit at a higher price of RM2.39 billion. FGV's plan to purchase the Eagle High stake was objected to by the Employees Provident Fund (EPF),³⁶ then a major shareholder of FGV.³⁷ Market observers were critical of this deal as they felt that the proposed sale price was too high for a company with a loss-making record. FGV had scrapped the Eagle High acquisition

proposal after studying the due diligence report prepared by a professional advisory firm, KPMG Deal Advisory Sdn. Bhd. (KPMG).³⁹

A copy of KPMG's report was leaked on the internet in June 2017. This report disclosed that Eagle High was indeed in poor financial health. 40 Thus, it was baffling how Isa, as the Chairman of Felda, FGV and FIC Properties, who must have had access to this report, could continue to negotiate with the Rajawali group using FIC Properties as the acquiring vehicle. It was equally troubling how the new Chairman of Felda, Shahrir Samad. who should also have been privy to the due diligence report, had allowed FIC Properties to proceed with the purchase of Eagle High shares in April 2017. The purchase of Eagle High clearly proved to be disadvantageous to Felda. Eagle High's share price has since dropped by nearly 50%, contributing to a paper loss of RM1.13 billion for Felda.41

Chart: Eagle High's Share Value



POWER SHIFTS AND THEIR IMPLICATIONS

A small pool of UMNO politicians who have dominated the decision-making process in Felda and its companies are clearly behind the abuse that this agency has suffered. The concentration of power in Isa's hand, between 2011 and 2016, was a result of several decision-making power shifts in Felda, from bureaucrats and professionals to UMNO politicians.

From Bureaucrats to Politicians

This shift began in 2001, after UMNO experienced a decline in the support of Malay voters during the 1999 General Elections. This decline in support, an outcome of a fallout between then top leaders in UMNO, was evident when Barisan Nasional lost the Jengka state seat in Pahang, a Felda settlement area, to PAS. This loss was of much concern to UMNO. Felda voters had, until then, almost always voted in favour of UMNO.⁴²

To regain Malay-voter support and to tighten UMNO's grip over the settlers, Yusof Noor, a member of UMNO's Supreme Council, was appointed as the Chairman of Felda in 2001. Prior to 2001, Felda had almost always been led by a civil servant. After 2001, Felda Chairmen were all appointed from amongst UMNO leaders (see Table 2).

UMNO's domination of Felda's decisionmaking process was further strengthened when Felda's Chairman also became the Chairman of its subsidiaries, a change that occurred during Isa's time in Felda. Isa, in turn, is answerable only to the Minister in charge of Felda, Najib.

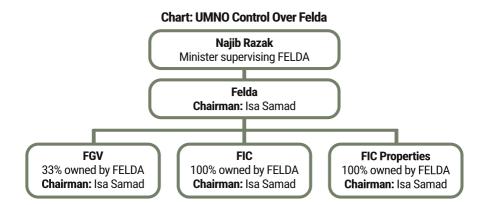
With this power shift, UMNO politicians dominated decision-making in Felda at three different levels: through Ministerial control, the Felda Board and the Boards of Felda's companies. This concentration of power, ultimately in the hands of the Minister, is facilitated by existing legislation that does not allow for sufficient checks and balances in the administration of Felda.

Concentration of Power Leads to Abuse

As a result of this concentration of decision-making power in the hands of a small pool of UMNO politicians, the voices of the settlers and Felda's management have increasingly been ignored. This problem not only gave rise to the series of controversies Felda has encountered, but also contributed also to a decline in its reputation and financial standing. While Felda had successfully repaid its loans in full in the year 2000 (20 years ahead of schedule!),⁴⁶ in 2016 it found itself

Table 2: UMNO control and controversies

Year	Event	
2001	Yusof Noor, an UMNO Supreme Council member, appointed as Felda Chairman.	
2003	Mahathir Mohamad announced the plan to list Felda. The plan was scrapped not long later by	
	Abdullah Ahmad Badawi.	
2004	Ministerial supervision over Felda was transferred to the Prime Minister's Department. Najib	
	Razak, as the Deputy Prime Minister, was tasked to monitor Felda.	
2009	Najib Razak became the Prime Minister and retained ministerial supervision over Felda.	
2009	Felda's cash reserve plunged from RM4.08 billion in 2004 to RM1.35 billion. ⁴³	
January 2011	1 Isa Samad, an UMNO member, became Felda Chairman.	
May 2011	1 Felda took RM6.5 billion loan from EPF. ⁴⁴	
October 2011	Felda announced its plan to list FGV.	
November 2011	Dzulkifli Wahab, Felda Director General at that time, was asked to go on study leave, allegedly for	
	resisting the listing exercise.	
June 2012	Listing of FGV on the stock exchange. It was derailed from April 2012 due to resistance from the	
	settlers.	
August 2012	Dzulkifli Wahab was transferred out of Felda.	
October 2013	FIC purchased a luxury service apartment in London, allegedly at an inflated price.	
2014	FIC purchased luxury hotels in London and in Kuching, allegedly at an inflated price.	
June 2015	FGV entered into an agreement with the Rajawali Group to purchase 37% shares in Eagle High	
	Plantations for RM2.39 billion.	
July 2016	EPF objected to FGV's plan to purchase Eagle High's shares and later sold all its shares in FGV. 45	
December 2016	FGV aborted the proposal to purchase Eagle High shares. Isa Samad continued negotiation with	
	the Rajawali Group, using FIC Properties.	
January 2017	Shahrir Samad, an UMNO member, became Felda's new Chairman.	
April 2017	FIC Properties acquired 37% non-controlling stake in Eagle High for RM2.26 billion.	
June 2017	Disagreement over the running and management of FGV precipitated a feud between Zakaria	
	Arshad (FGV Group President and CEO) and Isa Samad (FGV Chairman). This led to Zakaria's	
	suspension for four months and Isa's exit from FGV. MACC commenced investigation into	
	irregularities in FGV.	
July 2017	MACC commenced investigation into FIC's acquisition of hotels in London and Kuching that	
	allegedly were purchased at an inflated price.	
December 2017	Felda disclosed that it was at risk of losing its ownership of land at Jalan Semarak worth RM1	
	billion. The ownership was transferred to Synergy Promenade in 2015 using a power-of-attorney	
	signed by Isa Samad and a former Director General Felda in September 2014. Police commenced	
	investigation into the land transfer issue.	



laden with debts totalling RM6.82 billion, despite earning RM6 billion from FGV's listing in 2012.⁴⁷

The votes of Felda settlers are regarded as 'an important force' to counter Barisan Nasional's diminishing support in urban areas. Felda schemes span over 54 out of 222 parliamentary constituencies. In the 2013 General Elections, there were approximately 1.2 million registered voters in these Felda schemes, amounting to 9% of the total registered voters. AB These settlers must be pacified amidst mounting corruption controversies that have plagued Felda and its companies.

In Barisan Nasional's attempt to secure their vote, the disease of money politics in UMNO has now seeped into Felda. This trend emerged in 2003, when Felda started giving out cash payments in conjunction with the Hari Raya celebration (*Duit Raya* Bonus) and as a 'productivity incentive' (Productivity Incentive Bonus) (see Table 3). These payments cost Felda millions of ringgit and were paid using the funds of this agency. However, not all settlers benefit from such payments. In some years, only settlers who sold their produce to Felda, or undertook their

replanting process through Felda, and had never taken up a case against Felda in court were eligible to receive the bonus.

Another noticeable trend is that whenever Felda was embroiled in a controversy, various incentives or cash payments for the settlers were announced. For instance, in May 2012, to gain the settlers' support for the FGV listing exercise and with a general election then impending, Najib announced that the settlers would receive 'a windfall' of RM15,000 for each household as a 'reward' from the listing.⁴⁹

In 2017, the year that FGV was entangled in a boardroom tussle and when MACC heightened its corruption probe into FIC's dealings, Najib announced six incentives totalling RM1.3 billion. The incentives included a provision to write off the loans that settlers had taken to finance their purchase of FGV shares. This RM1.3 billion incentives were derived from Felda's funds and from the federal government.

Table 3: Cash Payment to Settlers

Year	Cash reward as reported on the news	
2003	Payment of <i>Duit Raya</i> Bonus to the settlers was introduced. 52	
2004	Productivity Incentive Bonus payment totalling RM141.06 million. ⁵³	
2005	Duit Raya Bonus payment totalling RM39.4 million. ⁵⁴	
	Productivity Incentive Bonus payment totalling RM97 million. ⁵⁵	
2007	Duit Raya Bonus payment totalling RM39.4 million. ⁵⁶	
	Productivity Incentive Bonus payment totalling RM146 million. ⁵⁷	
2008	Duit Raya Bonus payment totalling RM41.84 million.58	
	Productivity Incentive Bonus payment totalling RM144.44 million. ⁵⁹	
2009	Duit Raya Bonus payment totalling RM37.23 million.60	
2010	Duit Raya Bonus payment totalling RM37.14 million.61	
	Productivity Incentive Bonus payment totalling RM100.9 million. ⁶²	
2011	Duit Raya Bonus payment totalling RM42.6 million.63	
	Productivity Incentive Bonus payment totalling RM102.6 million. ⁶⁴	
2012	Duit Raya Bonus payment totalling RM43.2 million.65	
	Distribution of RM15,000 cash to each settler household from the proceeds of	
	the FGV listing.	
	Productivity Incentive Bonus payment totalling RM102.12 million. ⁶⁶	
2013	Duit Raya Bonus payment totalling RM32 million. ⁶⁷	
2014	Duit Raya Bonus payment totalling RM30.5 million.	
	Payment of FGV's dividend from Felda's trust fund amounting to RM72.9 million. ⁶⁸	
2015	Duit Raya Bonus and FGV's dividend payment totalling RM88.8 million. 69	
2016	Duit Raya Bonus payment totalling RM49.52 million.70	
2017	$\it Duit\ Raya$ Bonus payment totalling RM47.2 million and FGV dividend payment of RM26.4 million. 71	
	RM5,000 cash incentive payment to the settlers in conjunction with Felda 61^{st} anniversary. 72	

LINGERING QUESTIONS AND MOVING FORWARD

Several important lingering questions remain about these controversies, requiring us to demand an answer of this government:

Why is it that the investigations by the police and MACC into these Felda scandals have not been completed?

Why has the Minister incharge of Felda failed to prevent these controversies? Was the Minister complicit in it? Why is he not held accountable for his inaction?

With Felda embroiled in controversies for more than a decade, this institution is in dire need of a holistic reform. **The settlers** should demand for greater participation in Felda's decision-making process. **Their representation on the Felda Board and that of the agency's companies should be increased**, thus allowing them to co-manage these businesses. Felda companies can be better managed if led by professionals, but with feedback from the settlers.

The Duit Raya Bonus and the Productivity Incentive Bonus payments must be stopped. Such payments only provide temporary cash relief to selected groups of settlers and offer no long-term solution to the settlers' woes. The conditions imposed before a settler can be considered eligible to receive these bonuses are politically motivated. The settlers ought to be encouraged to sell their produce

to Felda or to replant through Felda because of the competitiveness Felda offers, not because Felda is holding them to ransom.

The settlers must be empowered by involving them in decision-making, and through this process their dependence on the government can be reduced.

The settlers must demand that **no** politician be appointed to Felda's board and that of its companies. The running and management of these enterprises should be left to bureaucrats and professionals. The Minister's absolute power to remove and to appoint Felda's Chairman and Board members must also be circumscribed. The Land Development Act must be amended to clearly provide for this change.

To prevent abuse of power in the administration of this agency, the Minister and Felda Board members must be made accountable to a select committee in Parliament. Felda companies should also be monitored by a Parliamentary select committee, tasked to evaluate their financial and non-financial performance. Opposition law-makers should lead these select committees. Select committees should be given the power to conduct an inquiry, to compel attendance to its hearings, and to demand production and inspection of documents. These inquiries should be made public with the settlers given a chance to participate in them. To provide for these check and balance mechanics, relevant laws must be amended or enacted. Accountable and transparent governance of Felda is imperative to ensure that this institution suffer no more abuse.

ENDNOTES

- Felda Annual Report 2016.
- ² Khor Yu Leng et al, <u>High Carbon Stock Consulting Study</u> <u>12: The Felda Case Study</u>, Oxford, LMC International Ltd. (2015).
- New Straits Times, Felda land in Jalan Semarak worth more in the market, 23 December 2017, https://www.nst.com.my/news/nation/2017/12/317541/f elda-land-jalan-semarak-worth-more-market, accessed on 5 April 2018.
- The Star Online, Felda wants land ownership back, 22 December 2017, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2017/12/22/fel da-wants-land-ownership-back-civil-action-againstcompany-involved-in-transfer-is-possible-says-s/, accessed on 23 January 2018.
- 5 Malay Mail Online, Shadow cast over ID company in Felda land transfer, 27 December 2017, http://www.themalaymailonline.com/malaysia/article/shadow-cast-over-id-company-in-felda-land-transfer, accessed on 5 April 2018.
- 6 Company search result conducted with Companies Commission Malaysia on 22 December 2017.
- 7 The Borneo Post, Zakat concept can narrow social gap, strengthen Muslim hub, says Najib, 27 June 2016, http://www.theborneopost.com/2016/06/27/zakatconcept-can-narrow-social-gap-strengthen-muslimhub-says-najib/, accessed on 23 March 2018.
- 8 The Star Online, Samsudin: Felda board not informed of transfer of ownership, 27 December 2017, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2017/12/27/samsudin-felda-board-not-informed-of-transfer-of-ownership/, accessed on 18 January 2018; The Star Online, Clarify full power of attorney given to company, 28 December 2017, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2017/12/28/clarify-full-power-of-attorney-given-to-company/, accessed on 18 January 2018
- 9 Malay Mail Online, Isa Samad signed legal transfer document for Felda Jalan Semarak, Parliament told, 12 March 2018, http://www.themalaymailonline.com/malaysia/article/isa-samad-signed-legal-transfer-document-for-felda-jalan-semarak-parliament#S5fLhTJx6jZOmY4t.97, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 10 Malay Mail Online, Felda regained possession of Jalan Semarak land, chairman confirms, 9 March 2018, http://www.themalaymailonline.com/malaysia/article/feld

- a-regained-possessions-of-jalan-semarak-landchairman-confirms#kqeohGXft5yu6rdA.97, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 11 Malaysiakini, Isa Samad's appointment 'bad news for market', 8 February 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/155488, accessed on 13 March 2018; Malaysiakini, Felda chief Isa Samad unfazed by critics, 9 February 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/155630, accessed on 13 March 2018.
- 12 The Star Online, Isa suspended after being found guilty of money politics, 25 June 2005, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2005/06/25/isa-suspended-after-being-found-guilty-of-money-politics/, accessed on 1 March 2018.;
- 13 The Star Online, Isa's suspension over money politics ends, 24 June 2008, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2008/06/24/isa s-suspension-over-money-politics-ends/, accessed on 9 March 2018.; Malaysiakini, Isa Samad Calon BN di Bagan Pinang, 29 September 2009, https://www.malaysiakini.com/news/113847, accessed on 9 March 2018.
- 14 Malaysiakini, Felda's RM6 bil listing to be country's third-largest, 24 October 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/179573, accessed on 16 March 2018; Malaysiakini, Felda settlers told to ignore poison-pen letters, 10 December 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/183790, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 15 The Star Online, KLSE listing for Felda, 13 September 2003, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2003/09/13/kls e-listing-for-felda/, accessed on 24 January 2018.
- 16 The Star Online, Minister: Felda's KLSE listing will benefit settlers, 15 September 2003, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2003/09/15/minister-feldas-klse-listing-will-benefit-settlers/, accessed on 24 January 2018.; Rashila Ramli, The Multiple Roles of Rural Malay Women during the 1999 Election: The Case of Felda J8, published in New Politics in Malaysia, Institute of Southeast Asian Studies, Singapore, (2003).
- 17 The Star Online, Listing of Felda Holdings put on hold, 6 November 2003, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2003/11/06/listing-of-felda-holdings-put-on-hold/, accessed on 23 January 2018.

- 18 Malaysiakini, Isa: Settlers have no reason to reject listing, 20 December 2011. https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/184610, accessed on 16 March 2018; Malaysiakini, FGVH to go ahead with IPO without KPF, says Isa, 25 April 2012. https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/196009, accessed on 16 March 2018.; Malaysiakini, 300 settlers protest resistance to Felda listing, 18 December 2011. https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/184460, accessed on 16 March 2018; Malaysiakini, NGO slams Isa over Felda Global listing. 21 December 2011. https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/184742, accessed on 16 March 2018; Malaysiakini, NGO seeks injunction against Felda Global listing, 23 December 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/184852, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 19 Malaysiakini. Anak: Retain Felda DG and remove Isa Samad, 13 December 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/184016, accessed on 16 March 2018; Malaysiakini, PKR: Najib must explan Felda DG's 'study leave', 14 December 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/184109, accessed on 16 March 2018; Malaysiakini, Perkasa leads 1,000 in protest against Felda DG, 15 December 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/184206, accessed on 16 March 2018; Malaysiakini, Felda DG axed, coldstoraged in Rome, 29 August 2012, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/207365, accessed on 16 March 2012; Malaysiakini, Anak refutes Isa's claim on Felda DG's removal, 4 September 2012, https://m.malavsiakini.com/news/207949.accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 20 Section 23(1) of the Land Development Act 1956
- 21 As at December 2016, Felda holds 33.67% shares in FGV and KPF holds 5.5% of shares in FGV.
- 22 The Star, Fraud in Felda Global Ventures, 23 November 2016, https://www.thestar.com.my/business/businessnews/2016/11/23/fraud-in-fgv/, accessed on 5 April 2018.
- 23 The Star Online, Report: Safitex Trading Owes FGV unit RM50m, 8 June 2017, http://m.thestar.com.my/story.aspx?hl=Report-Safitex-Trading-owes-FGV-unit-RM50m&sec=business&id=%7B3293B28D-8DF0-47DD-83E1-B41172512FB7%7D, accessed on 5 April 2018
- 24 The Malaysian Insight, Series of bad decisions led to FGV's RM13.4 billion share wipeout, 10 June 2017, https://www.themalaysianinsight.com/s/4753/, accessed on 30 March 2018.

- 25 The Star Online, FGV suspends group president and CFO, 6 June 2017, https://www.thestar.com.my/business/business
 - https://www.tnestar.com.my/business/businessnews/2017/06/06/fgv-zakaria-arshad-suspended/, accessed on 22 January 2018.; The Star Online, FGV's Zakaria says he disagreed with several investments, 6 June 2017,
 - https://www.thestar.com.my/business/business-news/2017/06/06/fgv-zakaria-says-he-disagreed-with-several-investments/, accessed on 22 January 2018; The Star Online, As FGV showdown looms, CEO lays down ultimatum its either him or Isa, 7 June 2017, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2017/06/07/decision-in-hands-of-shareholders-as-fgv-showdown-looms-ceo-lays-down-ultimatum-its-either-him-or-i/, accessed on 22 January 2018.
- 26 The Malay Mail Online, PMO defends Felda's RM500m London hotel foray, says will bring yield, 21 October 2013
 - http://www.themalaymailonline.com/malaysia/article/pmo-defends-feldas-rm500m-london-hotel-foray-says-will-bring-yield#MyyEBWvGJPV3IRML.99, accessed on 5 January 2018; The Malay Mail Online, Justify Felda's overpriced London hotel foray, Guan Eng tells Putrajaya, 23 October 2013.
 - http://www.themalaymailonline.com/malaysia/article/just ify-feldas-overpriced-london-hotel-foray-quan-eng-tells-putrajaya#JDfd6hdOEgkL6fk9.99, accessed on 5 January 2018; The Malay Mail Online, Not everything is racial, Guan Eng tells UMNO's Zainuddin, 11 November 2013,
 - http://www.themalaymailonline.com/malaysia/article/not-everything-is-racial-guan-eng-tells-umnos-zainuddin#hJFfCxWpfOXdmXT2.99, accessed on 5 January 2018.
- 27 The Malay Mail Online, MACC says probing Felda Investment Corp for overpriced London hotel buy, 14 July 2017,
 - http://www.themalaymailonline.com/malaysia/article/maccsays-probing-felda-investment-corp-for-overpriced-london-hotel-buy#BFOl8Q3dgc4FsuDw.97, accessed on 5 January 2018; The Star Online, MACC probing FIC's purchase of high-end London property, 14 July 2017.
 - https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2017/07/14/m acc-probing-fics-purchase-of-high-end-londonproperty/, accessed on 5 January 2018.
- 28 New Straits Times, FIC probe prompted by hotel's price, 29 July 2017, https://www.nst.com.my/news/nation/2017/07/261868/fic-probe-prompted-hotels-price, accessed on 4 April

- 2018; New Straits Times, MACC smells a rat in another FIC hotel deal, 18 August 2017, https://www.nst.com.my/news/exclusive/2017/08/26925 2/macc-smells-rat-another-fic-hotel-deal, accessed on 30 March 2018
- 29 Malaysiakini, Shahrir: Felda puts London property up for sale, 12 October 2017, https://www.malaysiakini.com/news/398164#i0hcRquo HAVr3J5e.99, accessed on 5 January 2018; The Malay Mail Online, Felda jual saham Maybank, hotel RM 1 bilion di London, 17 January 2017, http://www.themalaymailonline.com/projekmmo/berita/article/felda-mahu-jual-saham-maybank-hotel-rm1-bilion-di-london#SzR3Ex435pkmywWP.97, accessed on 5 January 2018.
- 30 The Star Online, Felda clarifies acquisition of Indonesian Eagle High stake, 2 January 2017, https://www.thestar.com.my/business/business-news/2017/01/02/felda-clarifies-acquisition-of-eagle-high-stake/, accessed on 25 March 2018.
- 31 Jakarta Globe, 150 Richest Indonesian, 1 July 2016, http://jakartaglobe.id/uncategorized/peter-sondakh-64/, accessed on 3 April 2018; Financial Times, Palm oil deal embroiled in Malaysian politics, 30 December 2016, https://www.ft.com/content/44e04f0a-ccd6-11e6-864f-20dcb35cede2, accessed on 3 April 2018.
- 32 The Edge Market, Cover story: Peter Sondakh the mastermind behind Eagle High, 12 January 2017, http://www.theedgemarkets.com/article/cover-storypeter-sondakh-%E2%80%94-mastermind-behindeagle-high, accessed on 23 March 2018.
- 33 Malaysia Today, 1MDB: All eyes on Najib's buddy Peter Sondakh, 14 June 2015, http://www.theedgemarkets.com/article/cover-storypeter-sondakh-%E2%80%94-mastermind-behindeagle-high, accessed on 23 March 2018; The Jakarta Post, Malaysia Felda acquires 37 percent of Rajawali's Eagle High, 20 April 2017, http://www.thejakartapost.com/news/2017/04/20/malay sian-felda-acquires-37-percent-of-rajawalis-eaglehigh.html, accessed on 25 March 2018.
- 34 The Guardian, 1MDB: The inside story of the world's biggest financial scandal, 28 July 2016, https://www.theguardian.com/world/2016/jul/28/1mdbinside-story-worlds-biggest-financial-scandal-malaysia, accessed on 3 April 2018.
- 35 In July 2016, the Department of Justice of the United State of America (DOJ) filed a suit in Court to seize assets bought using 1MDB stolen monies. The move is the largest ever filed under DOJ's Kleptocracy Asset

- Recovery Initiative. A second action was filed in July 2017. A copy of DOJ's official statement and relevant Court document can be accessed here: <a href="https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/united-states-seeks-recover-more-1-billion-obtained-corruption-involving-malaysian-sovereign and https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/us-seeks-recover-approximately-540-million-obtained-corruption-involving-malaysian-sovereign
- 36 The Star Online, FGV grilled for six hours, shareholders scrutinise falling profit, 17 June 2017, https://www.thestar.com.my/business/business-news/2015/06/17/fgv-grilled-for-six-hours/, accessed on 23 January 2018
- 37 EPF divested all of its shares in FGV in 2016. New Straits Times, EPF has sold all its shares in FGV, 22 December 2016, https://www.nst.com.my/news/2016/12/198772/epf-has-sold-all-its-shares-fgv, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 38 The Edge Market, All Felda Global Ventures investors should oppose Indonesian deal, says DAP, 18 June 2015, http://www.theedgemarkets.com/article/all-feldaglobal-ventures-investors-should-oppose-indonesiandeal-says-dap, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 39 International Palm Oil Monitor, Something rotten in Felda's dealings with Eagle High, 31 May 2017, http://ipom.global/2017/05/31/something-rotten-infeldas-dealings-with-eagle-high/, accessed on 25 March 2018.
- 40 The Edge Market, Leaked report casts doubt on Eagle High's valuation, 26 June 2017, http://www.theedgemarkets.com/article/leaked-report-casts-doubt-eagle-highs-valuation, accessed 30 March 2018.
- 41 The Edge Singapore, No synergy seen in Felda's Eagle High Buy, 29 December 2016, https://www.theedgesingapore.com/article/no-synergy-seen-felda%E2%80%99s-eagle-high-buy, accessed on 25 March 2018; The Edge Markets, RM1.13b paper loss on Eagle High investment, 6 March 2018, http://www.theedgemarkets.com/article/rm113b-paper-loss-eagle-high-investment, accessed on 25 March 2018.
- 42 Rashila Ramli, The Multiple Roles of Rural Malay Women during the 1999 Election: The Case of Felda J8, published in New Politics in Malaysia, Institute of Southeast Asian Studies, Singapore, (2003); Abdul Rahid Moten, The 1999 General Elections in Malaysia: Towards a Stable Democracy?, Akademika Vol. 57, UKM Press, (2000),

- http://ejournal.ukm.my/akademika/article/view/2982 accessed on 23 March 2018.
- 43 Malaysiakini, Govt admits RM2.7 bil plunge in Felda reserves, 16 June 2010, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/134695, accessed on 13 March 2018.
- 44 Malaysiakini, Ahmad Maslan: Felda spends RM3.5b from EPF loan, 30 June 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/168528, accessed on 16 March 2018; Malaysiakini, RM6.5bil EPF loan to Felda a 'win-win' situation', 1 July 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/168558, accessed on 16 March 2018; Malaysiakini, Felda: We can repay EPF loan, 26 June 2011, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/168087, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 45 New Straits Times, EPF has sold all its shares in FGV, 22 December 2016, https://www.nst.com.my/news/2016/12/198772/epf-has-sold-all-its-shares-fgv, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 46 Lee Boon Thong and Tengku Shamsul Bahrin, Felda's Fifty Years: Land Pioneers to Investors, Kuala Lumpur, Felda, (2006); Khor Yu Leng, Johan Saravanamuttu and Deborah Augustin, High Carbon Stock Consulting Study 12: The Felda Case Study, Oxford, LMC International Ltd. (2015).
- 47 Felda Annual Report 2016.
- 48 Khor Yu Leng, The Felda quarrel and its national ramifications, published in Perspective Issue No. 51, Singapore, ISEAS Yusof Ishak Institute, 2017; The political tussle over Felda land schemes – UMNO strengthen its Malay rural fortress in 13th general election, published in Kajian Malaysia Vo. 32 Supp 2, Khor Yu Leng, Malaysia, Penerbitan Universiti Sains Malaysia, 2014.
- 49 Malaysiakini, Najib announces RM15,000 for every Felda household, 8 May 2012, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/197265, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 50 The 6 incentives announced for Felda settlers who sold their products to Felda and opt to replant palm oil trees through Felda totalling RM1.6 billion are:
 - special incentive of RM5,000 to 94,956 families of Felda settlers for their welfare (totalling RM474.78 million);
 - part of the settler's equityloan to acquire shares in FGV would be disposed of and setters that had paid their loans would receive a cash reward of RM1,820 (totalling RM128.1 million);

- incentive of RM5,000 for every settler to settle their replanting debt (totalling RM519 million);
- setting up of a special replanting overdraft debt disposal fund to dispose of the operating cost debt exceeding RM40,000 (totalling RM300 million for 5year period from 2017 to 2021);
- establishment of a special replanting grant at the rate of RM7,500 per hectare beginning 2017 to 2020 (totalling RM166.6 million over 4-year period for 24,280.31 hectares area); and
- approval to build more than one house in site.

The Star Online, Najib announces six incentives for Felda settlers, 23 July 2017, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2017/07/23/na jib-announces-six-incentives-for-felda-settlers/, accessed on 23 January 2018

- 51 Malaysia Kini, RM1.6b incentives for settlers funded mostly by Felda, says Putrajaya, 30 August 2017, https://www.malaysiakini.com/news/393696#7IZRcbrX qqqCjUID.99, accessed on 23 January 2018
- 52 The Star Online, Reward for Felda settlers, 10 October 2005, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2005/10/10/reward-for-felda-settlers/, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 53 The Star Online, Bonus for Felda settlers, 27 November 2004, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2004/11/27/bo nus-for-felda-settlers/, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 54 The Star Online, Reward for Felda settlers, 10 October 2005, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2005/10/10/reward-for-felda-settlers/, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 55 The Star Online, Settlers told to improve status, 13 December 2005, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2005/12/13/se tters-told-to-improve-status/, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 56 Utusan Online, 112,635 peneroka terima duit raya RM39.4 juta, 23 September 2007, http://ww1.utusan.com.my/utusan/info.asp?y=2007&dt=0923&pub=Utusan Malaysia&sec=Muka Hadapan&pg=mh_04.htm, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 57 The Star Online, Felda to pay out over RM146mil to settlers, 23 November 2007, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2007/11/23/felda-to-pay-out-over-rm146mil-to-settlers/, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 58 The Star Online, Raya windfall for Felda settlers, 7 September 2008, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2008/09/07/ra

- <u>va-windfall-for-felda-settlers/</u>, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 59 The Star Online, Felda settlers to receive productivity incentive bonus, 21 October 2008, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2008/10/21/fel da-settlers-to-receive-productivity-incentive-bonus/, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 60 Utusan Online, Ada peneroka Felda perlekeh duit raya, 10 September 2009, http://ww1.utusan.com.my/utusan/info.asp?y=2009&dt =0910&pub=Utusan Malaysia&sec=Timur&pg=wt 07. htm, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 61 The Star Online, Najib announces RM350 in 'duit raya' for Felda settlers, 14 August 2010, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2010/08/14/na jib-announces-rm350-in-duit-raya-for-felda-settlers/, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 62 The Star Online, Felda pays RM100.9 mil in incentive bonus to settlers, 25 December 2010, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2010/12/25/fel da-pays-rm1009mil-in-incentive-bonus-to-settlers/, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 63 The Star Online, PM: Felda settlers to get RM42.6 mil in 'duit raya', 2 August 2011, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2011/08/02/pm-felda-settlers-to-get-rm426mil-in-duit-raya/, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 64 The Star Online, PM announces incentive bonus for Felda settlers, 23 December 2011, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2011/12/23/pm-announces-incentive-bonus-for-felda-settlers/, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 65 The Star Online, RM43m duit raya for Felda folk, 30 July 2012,
 - https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2012/07/30/rm

- 43m-duit-raya-for-felda-folk/, accessed on 16 March 2018
- 66 The Star Online, Felda pays RM102.12 mil in bonus to qualified settlers, 14 January 2013, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2013/01/14/fel da-pays-rm10212mil-in-bonus-to-qualified-settlers/, accessed on 18 March 2018.
- 67 The Star Online, Najib announces RM32mil Hari Raya bonus for Felda settlers, 17 July 2013, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2013/07/17/najib-felda-rm32mil-raya-bonus/, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 68 The Star Online, Felda settlers to continue getting duit raya, 22 July 2014, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/community/2014/07/22/felda-settlers-to-continue-getting-duit-raya/, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 69 The Star Online, PM announces RM88.8mil payout for Felda settlers, 8 July 2015, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2015/07/08/pm-announces-rm888mil-payout-for-felda-settlers/, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 70 The Star Online, Najib announces 'duit raya' of RM49.52 mil for Felda settlers, 22 June 2016, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2016/06/22/na jib-announces-duit-raya-of-rm49_52mil-for-felda-settlers/, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 71 Malaysiakini, Peneroka Felda dapat duit raya, kecuali..., 10 July 2017, https://m.malaysiakini.com/news/385222, accessed on 16 March 2018.
- 72 The Star Online, Najib: Each Felda settler to get RM5,000 cash incentive, 23 July 2017, https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2017/07/23/felda-settlers-to-get-cash-incentive-scheme/, accessed on 16 March 2018.



A-3-7 A-3-7, 8 Avenue, Jalan Sungai Jernih 8/1, Seksyen 8, 46050 Petaling Jaya, Malaysia.

Web: www.c4center.org Email: info@c4center.org Tel: +603 7932 2507

The Center to Combat Corruption and Cronyism

(C4 Center) is a policy advocacy, non-profit center, dedicated to fighting corruption, cronyism and its related problems at all levels of government.

We seek to open up governments and change the culture of governance by placing accountability, transparency and integrity at the heart of public policy and administration.

C4 Center works with public institutions, governments, political parties, and civil society organisations to build our vision of a corruption-free and open society.